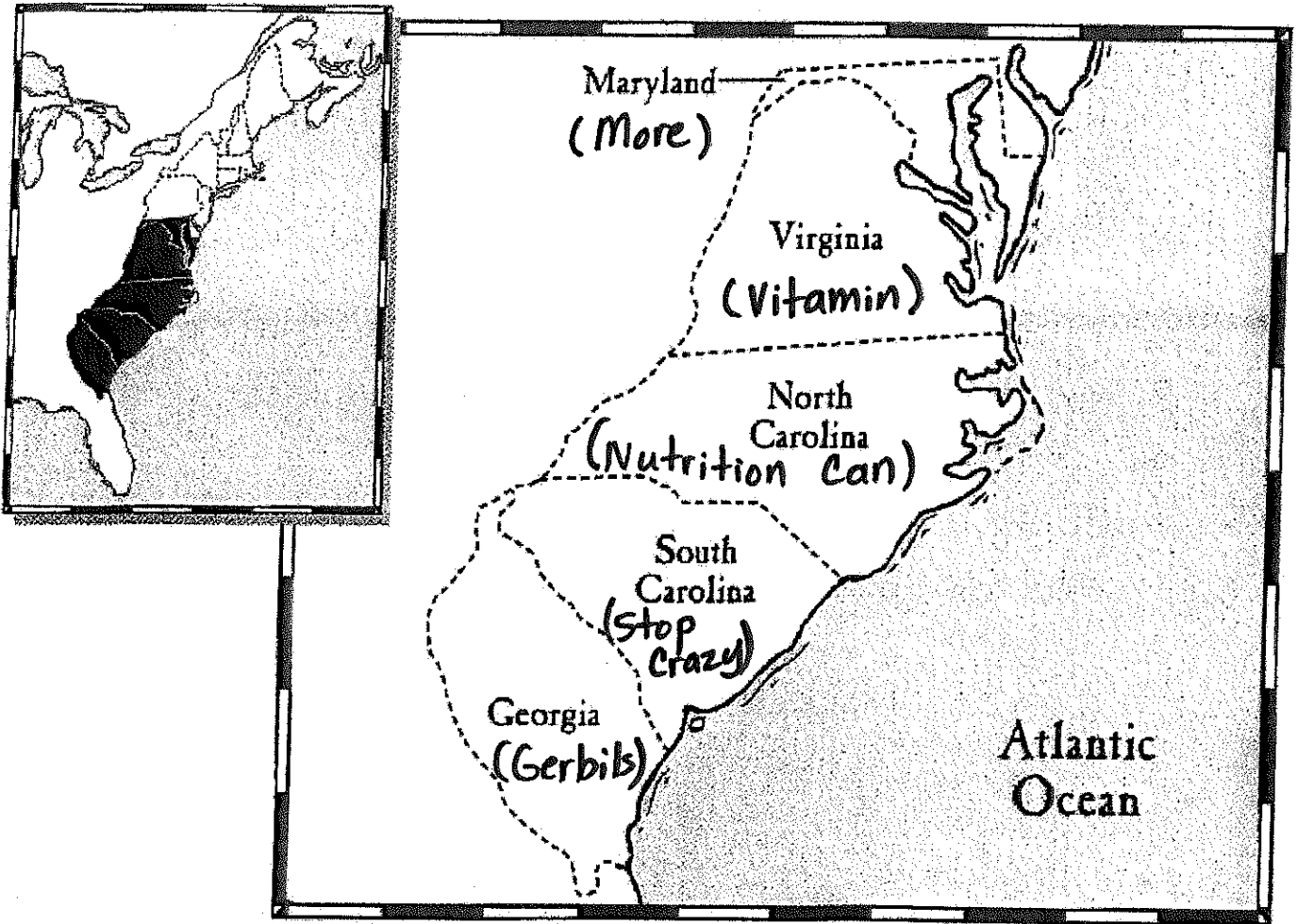


# THE SOUTHERN COLONIES



- Farming and Slavery were important to the economy.
- There was less emphasis on education.
- The southern colonies were founded mostly to make money and a profit through farming cash crops.
- Cash crops THEN were: tobacco, rice, indigo, and cotton.
- Economy NOW: farming, factories like those that make cars, furniture
- Major Cities: Atlanta, Georgia - (Then + Now)  
Norfolk, Virginia - (Now - Navy base)

# SOUTHERN COLONIES CROPS



Tobacco - Number one cash crop today. Number two in past. Grown mostly in Virginia and North Carolina



Rice - cash crop - grown mostly in South Carolina - Swampy

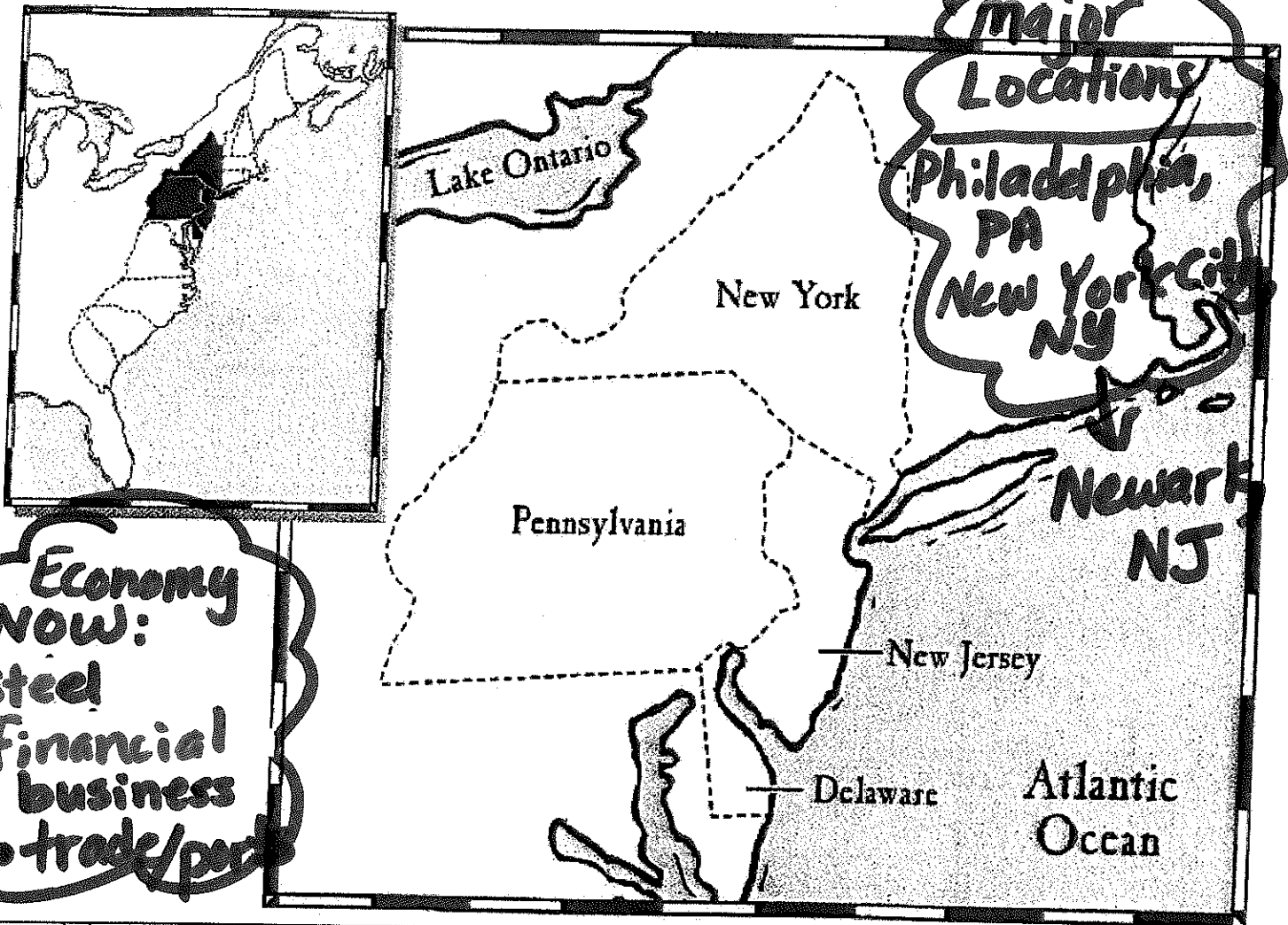


Cotton - Number one cash crop in past. Grown mostly in Georgia and later other states. Exported to Europe



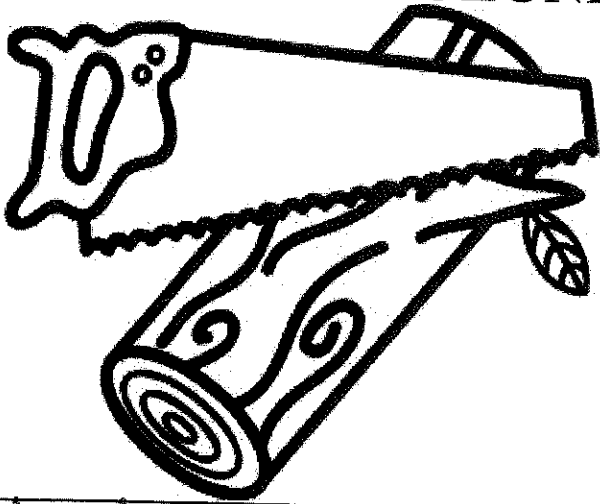
Indigo - plant with purple blooms used to dye cloth and fabric. Exported to Europe - Grown mostly in South Carolina and Georgia

# THE MIDDLE COLONIES

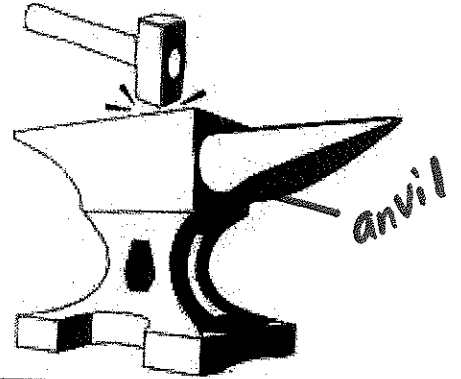


- Middle colonies were part farming / part industry
- Founded partly to make money (profit) and partly for religious freedom
- Had a good climate, rich soil to grow staple crops - or crops that are always needed - wheat, barley, oats. - staple crops)
- There were slaves, but indentured servants were a larger source of labor
- Indentured servants promised to work for a colonist for a period of years to earn passage to the colonies.
- Industry was lumber and iron working (blacksmiths)

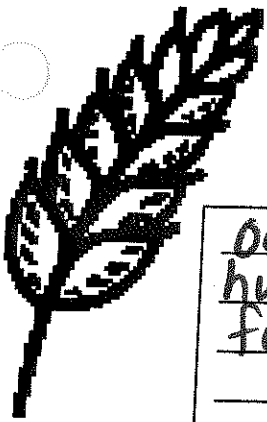
# MIDDLE COLONIES CROPS & INDUSTRIES



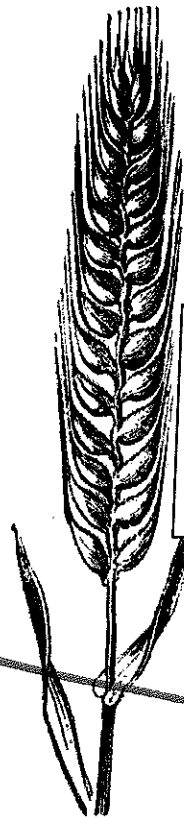
Lumber - industry  
Trees were scarce in  
England - lumber was  
exported there - also  
to NEC to build ships



Ironworking - industry  
Iron ore was dug from  
the earth - smelted into  
metal - exported to  
other colonies and  
England

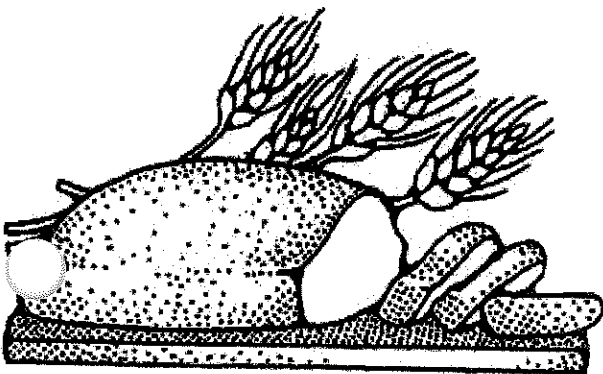


oats - used for  
human and animal  
food



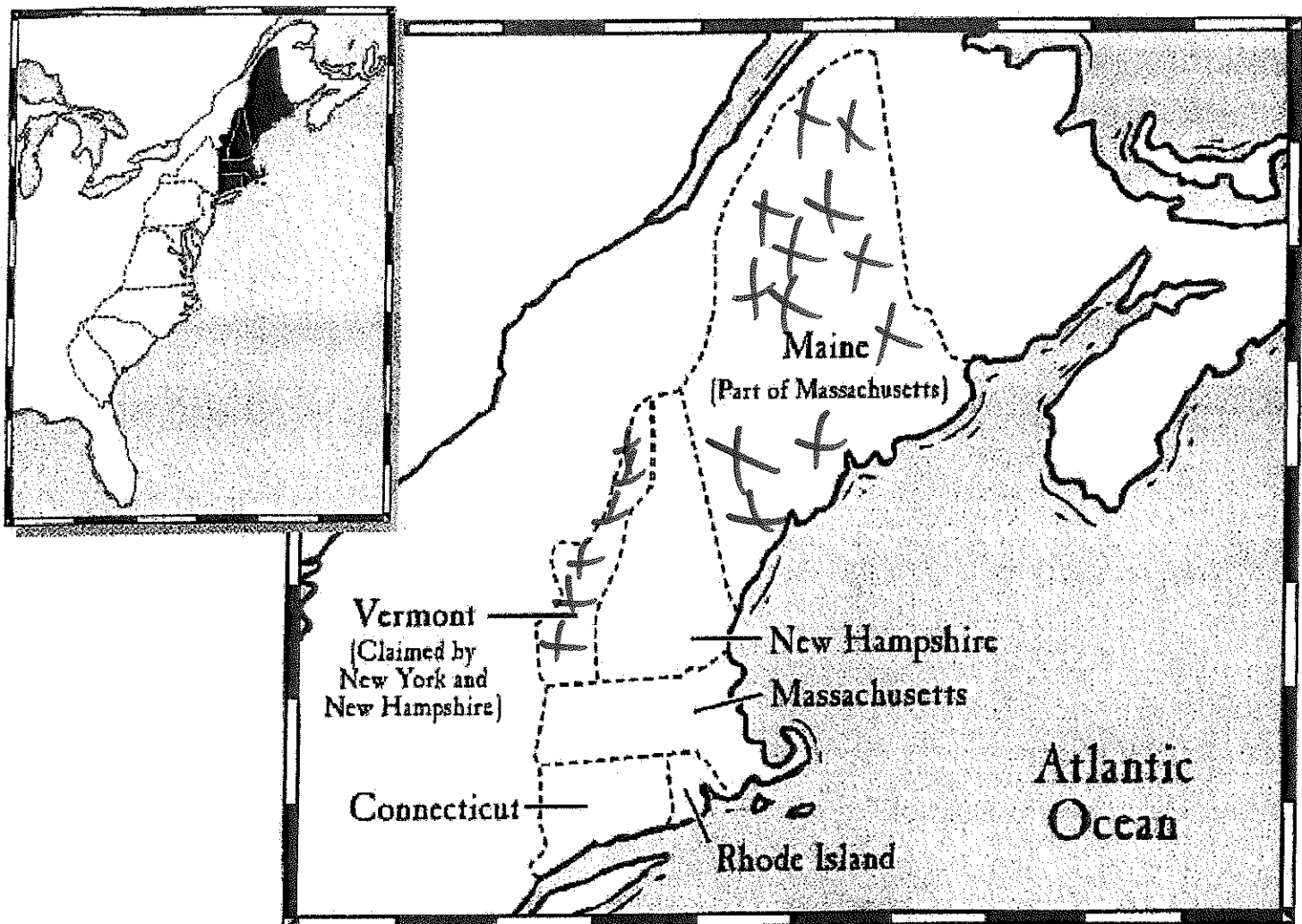
barley - used  
for food and  
also making  
beer

exported  
to other  
colonies and  
to England



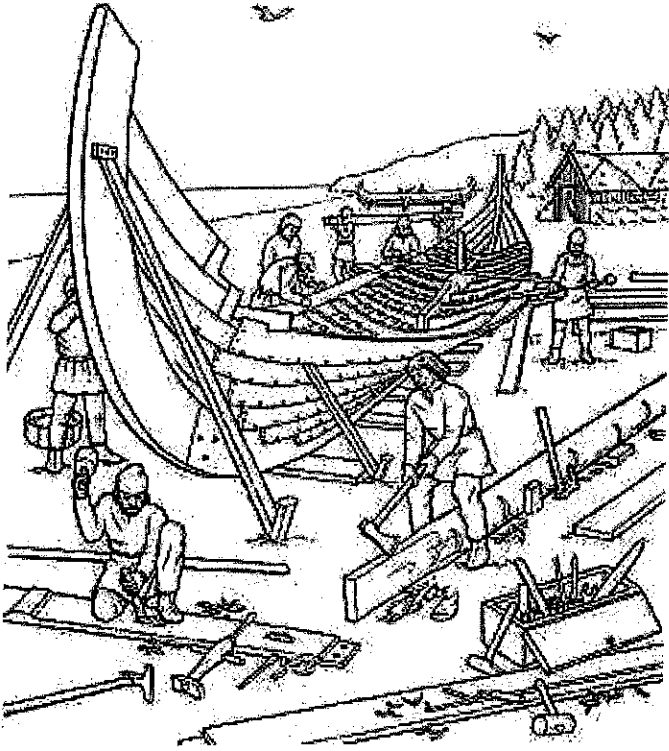
wheat - used to  
make bread / other  
pastries - exported  
to other colonies  
and to England

# THE NEW ENGLAND COLONIES



- Pilgrims (Puritans) settled in Plymouth in 1620 in Massachusetts Colony.
- Most of the New England Colonies were founded for religious reasons.
- Education was very important.
- Few to no slaves in the New England Colonies
- Rocky soil made large-scale farming difficult
- Industries: fishing, shipbuilding, whaling
- Economy Now: Fishing/Seafood, Technology, energy.
- Major locations: Boston, Massachusetts; Providence, Rhode Island; New Haven, Connecticut

# NEW ENGLAND COLONIES INDUSTRY



Shipbuilding - industry  
ships were made -  
some went to England  
some stayed in the  
colonies



Fishing - fish like  
cod, halibut, shrimp,  
lobster, crabs, clams,  
dried and sent to  
other colonies / England



Whaling - Whales were  
hunted for meat/blubber  
exported to England  
& other colonies