# STUDY GUIDE 

Charts 8, 9, 10, 13, 14 \& 22<br>Week of November 30-December 4 Quizzes Daily-Grade Counts on Friday, 12-4-15

8a. The Bill of Rights is the first ten amendments to the Constitution of the United States.

8b. The First Amendment to the Bill of Rights contains four parts and guarantees each individual's personal freedoms.

8c. The First Amendment is considered to be the most important.
9. The First Amendment of
the Bill of Rights to the Constitution includes:

Freedom of Speech,

Freedom of the Press,

Freedom of Religion

Freedom of Petition and Assembly.


10a. Suffrage is the right to vote.

10b. Women were given the right to vote in 1920.

10c. A famous suffragist was Susan B. Anthony.

10d. The $19^{\text {th }}$ Amendment guarantees women the right to vote and was passed in 1920.

10e. The $13^{\text {th }}$ Amendment ended slavery.

13a. Schools, roads, parks, and the military are paid for by taxes.
13b. Both federal and state governments can tax citizens.

13c. Responsibilities of citizens are to vote, pay taxes, and serve on a jury.
13d. The capital of Kentucky is Frankfort.
13e. The capital of the United States is Washington, D.C.

14a. Culture is the way of life shared by a group of people.

14b. Some elements of culture are art, music, and religion.

14c. The Statue of Liberty was a gift from France and represents freedom.

14d. Francis Scott Key wrote our national anthem, "The Star Spangled Banner", during the War of 1812.

22a. Labor Unions fought for safer working conditions, shorter hours, an end to child labor, and higher pay for people working in factories in the late 1800s.

22b. Immigrants came to the U.S. from Europe during the $17^{\text {th }}$ to $19^{\text {th }}$ centuries to practice their religion and find political freedom.

22c. Ellis Island was a stopping point for immigrants from Europe entering the U.S.

