

HOMWORK



Name _____ Date _____ Period _____ HRT _____

LAND AND PEOPLE BEFORE COLUMBUS: THE FIRST AMERICANS *Due Friday, November 4, 2016*

Directions: Use your STUDY GUIDE or MINI-CHARTS to complete this HOMEWORK assignment. These items should be in your green folder. They may also be found at sseclass.weebly.com. **Please note the date above that this assignment is due.** Students who do not turn in homework on the date it is due will be expected to attend Study Hall and will lose \$15 on their Time Cards. **No Homework will be accepted past Mondays.**

1. Culture is the _____ of a group of people, like a group's common _____ and _____.
2. _____ enabled early Native Americans to _____, or do one job well, because they had more _____. They were also able to create _____ surpluses.
3. Clovis Points are _____ that support the Land Bridge Theory.
4. The _____ were brilliant _____ and built Tenochtitlan in _____.
5. _____ is the use of scientific _____ or _____ to make or do something. It is anything that makes life _____.
6. The _____ of people from one region to another is called _____.
7. The _____ were obsessed with time as shown in their _____ and observations of solar and lunar _____.
8. The _____ built the first _____ in the Americas and carved huge stone _____ from volcanic rock.
9. The _____ worshipped the _____ and held _____ sacred because they thought it came from the sun.

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10. A.D. means _____ which is Latin for _____ . Sometimes people use C.E. instead. It means _____ .
11. The _____ founded the greatest city in the Americas: _____ . _____ now stands on the ruins of Tenochtitlan.
12. Early peoples in the Americas were _____ who hunted wild _____ and gathered wild _____. One of the animals Paleo-Indians hunted was the _____ .
13. In order for a _____ to exist, they must have food, _____, and shelter. Advanced cultures have _____ like art, _____, religion, and _____ .
14. The Olmecs, Mayans, Aztecs, and Incas all practiced human sacrifice as part of their _____ .
15. The most dramatic _____ in early Native American Indian culture was _____ .
16. The _____ lived in the southeastern United States. They buried their _____ in mounds of earth and built _____ on top.
17. The _____ culture developed in Meso-America and had the oldest known _____ in the Americas.
18. B.C. means _____ Sometimes people used _____ instead. It means "Before the Common Era".
19. Paleo-Indians also used ancient _____ like a spear-thrower called an _____ .
20. Civilization is a culture that has _____ forms of government, _____, and _____. The Olmecs, _____, Aztecs, _____, and Incas all had _____ .
21. During the last _____, some scientists and archaeologists have a theory that Paleo-Indians _____ the

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Bering Strait Land Bridge, also called _____, from Asia to North America. This is called the _____.

22. The _____ lived along the western coast of South America. Two cities important to the Incas were _____ and _____. They are high in the _____ of South America.
23. _____ are wanderers with no set _____.
24. The _____ are given credit for being the first ancient culture to use the number _____.
25. According to the _____, Paleo-Indians and their descendants moved from _____ through North and South America.
26. The _____ grew and worshipped _____ which they called _____.

