

Study Guide: EOS (End-of-Section) Test

Overview: American People, American Land

Test Format: Multiple Choice

Test Date: Friday, September 30, 2016

- The motto of the United States of America is *E Pluribus Unum*. It is Latin for “Out of Many, One.”
- A census is an official count of all the people in the United States.
- American ideals, or beliefs, include freedom of speech, freedom of religion, and freedom to live and work where we choose.
- Americans also believe in equal rights for all people.
- An ethnic group is a group of people who share the same customs and language.
- The Pledge of Allegiance helps bring together the many different people who live in the United States. It says that Americans believe in the ideals of freedom and fairness for all people.
- A member of a country is called a citizen.
- Citizens play the most important part in the U.S. government.
- Citizens have several basic rights. Their rights include freedom of speech, freedom of religion, and the right to a fair trial.
- All citizens who are at least 18 years old have the right to vote.

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- The U.S. economy is based on a system called free enterprise that lets Americans start their own businesses and own private property.
- An export is a good that one country sells to another country
- An import is a good that one country buys from another country.
- Prices for goods are based on supply and demand. If demand is high and supply is low, the price is usually high. If the supply is high and the demand is low, the price is usually low.
- Benefits of free enterprise are that consumers can choose between many different products and decide how to spend their money.
- Entrepreneurs are business owners and are helped through free enterprise to start a business and make a profit.
- The five regions of the U.S. are the Northeast, Southeast, Southwest, Midwest, and West.
- Different areas of the country have different climates. Climates in the U.S. get cooler as you move north and drier as you move west.
- Many regions are interdependent, meaning they depend on one another.
- Fossil fuels like coal, oil, and natural gas are used for energy.
- Fossil fuels are formed in the earth from remains of plants and animals that lived long ago. They are nonrenewable.

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- People also use minerals such as gold, salt, and aluminum. Minerals are neither animal nor plant. They are also nonrenewable.
- Natural resources are very important to the United States but the country does not have enough natural resources to last forever.
- Renewable resources, such as trees, can be replaced.
- National parks are areas of land protected by the U.S. government. There are more than 50 national parks.
- Pollution is a problem in our environment. People can lessen pollution by recycling or reusing things.
- Latitude lines lie east to west on a map or globe.
- Longitude lines lie north to south on a map or globe.
- Absolute location is an exact location on a map or globe using latitude, longitude, or an address.
- Relative location is an approximate location on a map or globe.
- Cardinal directions are north, south, east, and west.
- Intermediate directions are northeast, southeast, northwest, and southwest.

- **Be familiar with the notes and diagram about the Great Seal on pg. 3 of Notes.**
- **Be familiar with the notes and diagram about the American Flag on pg. 4 of Notes.**
- **There will be some questions that ask you to use latitude and longitude.**