## STUDY GUIDE

Charts 4, 8, 9, 10, 14 \& 18

Week of October 12-16 Quizzes Daily-Grade Counts on Friday, 10-16-15

4a. Primary Sources are the original records of an event like diaries, eyewitness reports, photographs, artifacts, or journals.

4b. Secondary Sources are
 the later summaries of historians and writers after an event happens by people who did not experience them first-hand like school textbooks, biographies, or articles in newspapers.

10a. Suffrage is the right to vote.

10b. Women were given the right to vote in 1920.

10c. A famous suffragist was Susan B. Anthony.

10d. The $19^{\text {th }}$ Amendment guarantees women the right to vote and was
passed in 1920.
10e. The $13^{\text {th }}$ Amendment ended slavery.

14a. Culture is the way of life shared by a group of
people.

14b. Some elements of culture are art, music, and religion.

14c. The Statue of Liberty
was a gift from France and
14c. The Statue of Liberty
was a gift from France and represents freedom.

14d. Francis Scott Key wrote our national anthem, "The Star Spangled Banner", during the War of 1812.

8a. The Bill of Rights is the first ten amendments to the Constitution of the United States.

8b. The First Amendment to the Bill of Rights contains four parts and guarantees each individual's personal freedoms.

8c. The First Amendment is considered to be the most important.

9. The First Amendment of the Bill of Rights to the Constitution includes:

Freedom of Speech,

Freedom of the Press,

Freedom of Religion

Freedom of Petition and Assembly.
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18a. Samuel Slater brought the first spinning machine to the United States from Great Britain.

18b. The steamboat was invented by Robert Fulton and greatly improved transportation and trade.

18c. The Erie Canal was a man-made waterway that connected the Hudson River with Lake Erie. It transported people and goods.

