STUDY GUIDE

Charts 12, 13, 25, 26, 27, and <u>19</u>

Week of October 19-23 Quizzes Daily-Grade Counts on Friday, 10-23-15

12a. Each state has 2 senators.

12b. The number of representatives in the House of Representatives is based on the size of the state's population.

12c. Teachers, police officers, and firefighters ar examples of government workers.

12d. Government workers are paid using tax dollars.

13a. Schools, roads,

parks, and the military are paid for by taxes.

13b. Both **federal** and **state governments** can **tax citizens**.

13c. Responsibilities of citizens are to vote, pay taxes, and serve on a jury.

13d. The capital of Kentucky is Frankfort.

13e. The capital of the United States is Washington, D.C. **25a.** Consumers are people who buy and use goods or services.

25b. Goods are materials that are produced for people to buy-they can be seen and touched.

25c. Services are jobs that people do for other people for pay.

25d. Producers are people who make goods or provide services.

26a. An entrepreneur is a business owner.

26b. Opportunity Cost is what you give up when making an economic choice.

26c. Supply and Demand is how much goods and services are available, that people want and are able and willing to buy at a given price. **27a.** Scarcity is when there are not enough goods and services to satisfy the wan and needs of people.

27b. Profit is the amount of money that a company makes after all the costs o running the business have been paid.

27c. Natural Resources are things in nature for which people have found use.

19a. The **Cotton Gin** was invented by **Eli Whitney.** It **speeded** the **cleaning** of **cotton** and **increased** the **need for slaves**.

19b. Samuel Morse invented the telegraph. It made transcontinental communication possible.

19c. In the 1800s, many people moved west in the U.S. to obtain "free" land.

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